

## CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS IN FLOOD PRONE AREAS

### OBJECTIVE

To guarantee the hydrogeological and hydraulic safeguard of already built areas or improve the pre-existing conditions.

### DESCRIPTION

The construction actions in areas subject to hydraulic risk must include hydraulic compatibility measures that include the disposal of rainwater through the creation of reservoir and lamination systems; construction of adequate rainwater drainage systems for paved areas; construction of sewer and disposal lines; prohibition of covering waterways.

### EXPECTED RESULTS

Reduced vulnerability of buildings to flood damage not only due to climate change in already critical inhabited areas but also to ordinary events.

### RESULT INDICATORS

Volume of stored or drained water [m<sup>3</sup>]

Disposal lines [m<sup>2</sup>]

### INVOLVED ACTORS

Local stakeholders, local population, local government.

### EXPECTED TIMELINE FOR ACTION

- Medium term (5-10 years)

### BEST PRACTICES

- Unione dei Comuni Medio Brenta – Veneto Region - Italy
- Lombardia Region – Italy
- Tuscany Region – Italy
- Lombardia Region – Italy
- New South Wales – Australia

### CRITICALITIES

Difficulties in understanding and implementing the legislation regulating the construction sector; limitation in land use.

## SCOPE OF THE ACTION

- Adaptation

## TYPE OF PROPOSED ACTIONS

- Grey
- Soft

## SECTOR OF ACTION

- Urban settlement
- Water resource management

## CLIMATE IMPACTS

- Extreme precipitation
- Floods

## IMPLEMENTATION SCALE

- Association of municipalities
- Municipality

## SOURCE

<https://www.venetoadapt.it/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/Del%20A2%20-%20VenetoADAPT%20Adaptation%20State%20of%20the%20art%20assessment.pdf>